of a host of people scrambling to jump on that particular bandwagon - also suggested a further model for a music that was at once flamboyantly virtuosic and polyphonic. There were several other models from earlier in the century, most of which I have come to know as a performer, which also served as suggestive: Milhaud's La Creation du Monde (1923), Stravinsky's Octet (1922-1923) and L'Histoire du Soldat (1918), and Hindemith's marvelous Kleine Kammermusik (1923), a little known masterpiece for woodwind quintet that predates (the cartoon) Ren and Stimpy by nearly sixty years.

Despite all the good humor, my Chamber Symphony turned out to be shockingly difficult to play. Unlike Phrygian Gates or Pianola, with their fundamentally diatonic palettes, this new piece, in what I suppose could be termed my post-Klinghoffer (Adams' opera from 1991) language, is linear and chromatic. Instruments are asked to negotiate unreasonably difficult passages and alarmingly fast tempi, often to the inexorable click of the trap set But therein, I suppose, lies the perverse charm of the piece. (Discipliner et Punire was the original title of the first movement, before I decided on Mongrel Airs to honor a British critic who complained that my music lacked breeding.)

John Adams (b. 1947) is one of the best known and most often performed of America's composers. He received both his BA and MA degrees from Harvard University, where he was active as a conductor, clarinetist, and composer. His principal teachers included Leon Kirchner, David Del Tredici, and Roger Sessions.

In 1971, Adams began an active career in the San Francisco area, teaching at the San Francisco Conservatory of Music (1972-83) and serving as new music adviser and composer-in-residence for the San Francisco Symphony (1978-85). His creative output spans a wide range of media: works for orchestra, opera, video, film, and dance, as well as electronic and instrumental music. Such pieces as Harmonium, Harmonielehre, Shaker Loops, and The Chairman Dances are among the best known and most frequently performed of contemporary American music. In these works, he has taken minimalism into a new and fresh terrain characterized by luminous sonorities and a powerful and dramatic approach to form.

## The University OF lOWA



## Center for New Music <br> 

Thursday-Sunday, April 19-22, 2012

## Season 46 Concerts XXII-XXV

 The CNM Ensemble SPRING TOUR David Gompper, directorUniversity of lowa
University of Minnesota-Minneapolis
Lawrence University
University of Wisconsin-Madison
featuring works works by
Jeremy Dale Roberts
David Gompper
Zach Zubow
John Adams

## NOTES \& COMPOSER BIOGRAPHIES

David Gompper, director
APRIL 19, 2012, 7:30 p.m. RIVERSIDE RECITAL HALL

## PROGRAM

## Hiking the Cascade Creek Trail (2012)

Zach ZUBOW (b. 1984)
Andrew Thierauf, percussion

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Croquis, for string trio (1976-80)
    1. Precipitoso
    2. Croquis 2
    3. Somm
    4. Eye
    5. From the Chi
    6. Quodlibet
    Katherine Wolfe, violin
    Elizabeth Oakes, viola
Hannah Holman, violoncello
Musica segreta, for piano quartet (1996)
David GOMPPER (b. 1954)
Katherine Wolfe, violin Elizabeth Oakes, viola
Hannah Holman, violoncello
David Gompper, piano
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## INTERMISSION

Mirage of the Mountains (2012)
for chamber ensemble (premiere)
Chamber Symphony No. 1 (1992) John ADAMS (b. 1947)
I. Mongrel Airs
I. Mongrel Airs
III. Aria with Walking Bass
IIrunner

Andrew Thierauf and Christine Augspurger, percussion

Nora Epping, flute
Meghan Kimball, oboe
Marjorie Shearer and Lisa Marner, clarinets Stephanie Patterson and Sarah Wildey, bassoons Dan Spencer, horn
Deborah Bierschenk, trumpet
Jonathan Allen, trombone
Grethe Nothling, piano
Megan Karls and Katherine Wolfe, violins Manuel Tabora, viola
Eunkyung Son and Yoo-Jung Chang, violoncellit
Michael White, double bass
David Gompper, conductor

## Zach ZUBOW

## Hiking the Cascade Creek Trail

TheoCascade Creek hiking trail in the Tongass National Forest, Alaska sports a Iuscious array of natural environments that include waterfront beaches, forest, waterfalls, cliffs, and mountains in just four miles of hiking trails. One of the highlights of the trails are the high, dense trees that form a canyon-like atmosphere around the trail as well as the beautiful views of cliffs and waterfalls that can be seen from the trailhead at Swan Lake. "Hiking the Cascade Creek Trail" was inspired by this magnificent trail and represents the change in environment that is all connected by a common element. The piece calls for found, non-resonant percussion instruments to symbolize the isolation of the trail among these changing environments, while the music maintains a common theme that is developed throughout the piece.

## Mirage of the Mountains

is a work for chamber orchestra that derives its pitch material from the spectral analysis of two pitches on the contrabass, F1 and C1. The title, "Mirage of the Mountains," comes from the idea that a spectral analysis of a sound and the physical characteristics of a mountain share similar properties. The lowest part of a mountain is less steep and much wider at the base, just as the first partial of a spectral analysis is wider in distance and more audible because of its sound properties. Similarly, as the terrain closer to the top of a mountain becomes more jagged, steep and narrow with more frequent peaks, the higher partials of a spectral analysis also become more frequent in relation to others preceding and following it. When looking at a mountain from a distance, it is also hard to discern all of the peaks that occur near the top, just as it is hard to discern each upper partial of a sound, but each small peak helps to give each their own unique characteristics.
Zach Zubow's music has been featured on many new music conferences and festivals throughout the United States and abroad. Zach was named regional winner in the 2011 SCI/ASCAP Student Composition Commission Award for his string quartet, Sundown, which also received the 2012 College Music Society Mid-Atlantic Composition Award. He has also received awards from the 2011 Five College Composition Competition and the 2012 College Music Society Southern Region's Composition Competition. Zach has received degrees from Luther College and Illinois State University and is now pursuing a Ph.D. in music composition at The University of Iowa. For more information, please visit www.zachzubow.com.

## Jeremy Dale ROBERTS

## Croquis, for string trio

When I began work on this string trio in the autumn of 1976, it was partly by way of giving myself a tonic. I was "on the rebound" from a very different kind of operation - a large-scale, deeply subjective piece - and I wanted to refresh myself by working on the minutest scale, both with regard to medium and musical thinking. I started doodlin'; composing what I thought would be a modest collection of bagatelles. Four years later, with twenty-seven such bits and pieces on my hands, I still felt the medium of the string trio to be inexhaustible.
whe one of the strongest stimuli had been the musical character and sound (he, one of the strongestitti Quartet. Another was me reawakened delight in all forms of miniature artistry: not only the supreme musical my reawakened delight in and many others, but also the poetry and artifacts of the Far East. This includes Blake's wood cuts, the daily jottings of Baudelaire - (what he called his 'squibs'), and the drawings of Watteau - where the subject laire - (what he called his squibs'), and
"Croquis" means sketch, and in this collection - as in any album - there is to be found "Croquis" means sketch, and in this collection - as iso the odd scribble, dashed off. The
not only finished work, precisely organized, but als not only finished work, precisely organized, bur athered together in three 'Cahiers,' or portfolios, and can be performed in a pieces are gathered together in framework, as fillers or as an anthology. Tonight's program number of different ways: as a framework, as fillers or as an annoze collecting movements from each of the three portfolios to make takes the latter approach,
a coherent statement of about twle mon College of Music, LonJeremy Dale Roberts, who recently retired as head of composition at the Royal Colege academic year. don, was a visiting professor of composition at The Unive Music, London His He studied with William Alwyn and Priaulx Rainier at the Royal Academy of Music, London. His come, positions have been performed worldwide at the Edinburgh and Als.
the Diorama de Geneve, and Sor Sohan de Saram; Tombeau for Stephen Ko-
They include the Cello Concerto Deathwatch written for Rohan de Saram; Tombeau for Stephen Kovacevich; Croquis for string trio written for members of the Arditti Quartet (BBC commission); In the Same Space, nine poems of Constantin Cavafy, written for Sapidas y Sonetos - del amor oscuro, for solo guitar Samsemble, written for Lontano (BBC commission); and Casidas y Sonetos - del amor aro, for solo guita (Arts Council commission) for Charles Ramirez.
Recent work includes: Stelae, a large-scale piece for gamelan; Nightpiece for soprano and two bass viols; a collection of pieces for organ; and a few tangos.

## David GOMPPER

Musica segreta, for piano quartet One definition of musica segreta - a genre associated with the late Rena andience "in the One its intended use for a private, informed, and limited audience, an audience and know" both in terms of stylistic concerns (syntactical, grammatical and otherwise), and allusional associations specific to the work in question. This composition was written for a concert in honor of Glenn Watkins upon his retirement from the Und his music, for which and is dedicated to him. He is the author of Gesualdo: The man and his music, for which Srravinsky wrote the preface. The work also makes use of a hexachord, extracted from the Stravinsky wrote the pres Boulez's ...explosante-fixe...,' which was written in memory of Igor seven-note set found in Boulezs ....xpracters: Gesualdo, Stravinsky, Boulez, and Warkins.
Stravinsky. Hence the quartet of charactrs, and a composer in New David Gompper has lived and worked professionally as a pianist, a conductor, and a composer in New York, San Diego, London, Nigeria, Michigan, Texas and lowa. He studied at the Roya Colieg Nigeria, he York, San Diego, London, Nigeria, Michigan, Texey Searle and Phyllis Sellick. After teaching in Nigeria, he
in London with Jeremy Dale Roberts, Humphrey
received his doctorate degree at the University of Michigan, taught at the University of Texas in Arlington, and since 1991, has been professor of composition and director of the Center for New Music at The University of lowa. In 2002-2003, Gompper was in Russia as a Fulbright Scholar, teaching, performing and conducting at the Moscow Conservatory. In 2009, he received an Academy Award from the American Academy of Arts and Letters in New York City.

Gompper's compositions have been performed in such venues as Carnegie and Merkin Halls (New York), Wigmore Hall (London), Konzerthaus (Vienna) and the Bolshoi Hall (Moscow). Wolfgang David and the Royal Philharmonic Orchestra recently recorded his Violin Concerto for a Naxos CD. His song cycle The Animals, based on the poetry of Marvin Bell and written for Stephen Swanson, will be released on an Albany disc later this year.

## John ADAMS

## Chamber Symphony No. 1

The Chamber Symphony, written for fifteen instruments, bears a suspicious resemblance to its eponymous predecessor, the opus 9 of Arnold Schoenberg. The choice of instruments is roughly the same as Schoenberg's, although mine includes parts for synthesizer, percussion (a trap set), trumpet, and trombone. However, whereas the Schoenberg symphony is in one uninterrupted structure, mine is broken into three discrete movements, Mongrel Airs, Aria with Walking Bass, and Roadrunner. The titles give a hint of the general ambience of the music.

I originally set out to write a children's piece, and my intentions were to sample the voices of children and work them into a fabric of acoustic and electronic instruments. But before I began that project, I had another one of those strange interludes that often lead to a new piece. This one involved a brief moment of what Melville called "the shock of recognition:" I was sitting in my studio, studying the score to Schoenberg's Chamber Symphony (1906), and as I was doing so I became aware that my seven-year-old son Sam was in the adjacent room watching cartoons (good cartoons, old ones from the ' 50 s ). The hyperactive, insistently aggressive and acrobatic scores for the cartoons mixed in my head with the Schoenberg music, itself hyperactive, acrobatic and not a little aggressive, and I realized suddenly how much these two traditions had in common.

For a long time, my music has been conceived for large forces and has involved broad brushstrokes on big canvasses. These works have been either symphonic or operatic, and even the ones for smaller forces like Phrygian Gates (1977), Shaker Loops (1978), or Grand Pianola Music (1982) have essentially been studies in the acoustical power of massed sonorities. Chamber music, with its inherently polyphonic and democratic sharing of roles, was always difficult for me to compose. But the Schoenberg symphony provided a key to unlock that door, and it did so by suggesting a format in which the weight and mass of a symphonic work could be married to the transparency and mobility of a chamber work. The tradition of American cartoon music - and I freely acknowledge that I am only one

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